









Signs, Signals & Markings

Sign Colors at a Glance

 Red Stop, yield, or prohibition	 Yellow Warning — hazard ahead	 Orange Work zone / construction area	 White Regulatory rules you must obey
 Green Guide, distance, and direction	 Fluorescent Yellow-Green School zone or pedestrian warning	 Blue Motorist services (gas, food, lodging)	 Brown Recreation area or scenic route

Must-Know Signs

 Stop Red octagon — come to a complete stop, then proceed when clear	 Yield Red downward triangle — slow or stop; let crossing traffic go first	 Railroad Crossing Advance Warning Round yellow RR sign — slow down; train may be approaching	 Railroad Crossbuck White X crossing marker — look, listen, and prepare to stop	 School Crossing Yellow pentagon with children — slow down; stop for pedestrians in crosswalk	 School Zone (Fluorescent) Lime-green pentagon — school zone ahead; watch for children
 Divided Highway Begins Yellow diamond — road splits; keep right of median divider ahead	 Divided Highway Ends Yellow diamond — two-way traffic resumes; prepare for oncoming cars	 Reverse Turn Yellow diamond — road curves right then left; slow down	 Reverse Curve Yellow diamond — road curves right then left in a gentle S shape	 Winding Road Yellow diamond — series of curves ahead; reduce speed	 Merging Traffic Yellow diamond — traffic merging from right; allow vehicles to merge
 Slippery When Wet Yellow diamond — reduce speed; road may be slick in wet conditions	 Flagger Ahead Orange diamond — work zone flagger ahead; follow all directions given	 No Passing Zone Yellow pennant (horizontal triangle) — passing prohibited in this area			

Pavement Markings

Broken yellow center line — May pass if safe; traffic moves in opposite directions

Solid yellow center line — No passing on your side; do not cross

Double solid yellow — No passing in either direction

Broken white line — May change lanes when safe; same-direction traffic

Solid white line — Stay in lane; do not cross except to avoid hazard

Yellow lane markings — Separate traffic traveling in opposite directions

Orange work-zone signs — Black text on orange background; obey in all construction areas

Rules of the Road

Right-of-Way

Uncontrolled intersection — Yield to vehicle already in intersection or arriving first

T-intersection (no signs) — Vehicle on terminating road yields to cross traffic

Emergency vehicles — Pull to the right and stop; Move Over law applies on multi-lane roads

Pedestrians in crosswalk — Always yield; stop at line and wait until completely across

Turning left — Yield to oncoming traffic and pedestrians crossing

Funeral processions — Do not cut through or interfere with a procession

Passing

When being passed — Yield; do not increase speed until passer has safely returned

Return to lane — Both headlights of passed vehicle visible in mirror before cutting back

Passing prohibited — Within 100 ft of intersection, bridge, tunnel, or no-passing zone sign

Oncoming speed — Approaching vehicles often look slower than they are; judge carefully

Speed & Distance

Following distance — Minimum 3-second gap behind vehicle ahead in normal conditions

Large trucks — Take longer to stop; give extra following distance when behind trucks

Reduced visibility — Drive only as fast as you can stop within your sight distance

Headlights required — Any time visibility is less than 500 feet; also at dusk

Turns & Lane Changes

Left-turn signal distance — Signal at least 100 feet before turning in city

Wheels before left turn — Keep wheels straight until turning; rear-end push into oncoming if hit

Lane change check — Signal, mirror, look over shoulder before changing lanes

Driving on shoulder — Never drive off paved roadway onto shoulder to pass

Key Numbers

Speed limit — school zone 20 mph

Headlight use — visibility under 500 ft

Low clearance sign example 12'-6"

Railroad advance sign distance Several hundred feet before crossing

Following distance minimum 3 seconds

Stopping distance adds with speed Double speed = 4× stopping distance

Parking

Uphill with curb — Wheels turned away from curb; let curb stop rollback

Downhill with curb — Wheels turned toward curb; curb catches the tire

No curb (uphill or downhill) — Wheels turned toward road edge (away from travel lane)

Hill parking gear — Always leave in gear or Park; set parking brake

Red curb — Never stop, stand, or park

Signaling at curb — Signal when pulling away from or up to a curb

Safety, Alcohol & GDL

Safe Driving — Do & Don't

DO

- + Scan road ahead continuously; check mirrors every 2–5 seconds
- + Reduce speed in rain to prevent hydroplaning
- + Walk around vehicle before reversing to check for hazards
- + Use low-beam headlights in fog, rain, and heavy snow
- + Signal every lane change and turn without exception
- + Give wide berth to cyclists; they use hand signals for turns

DON'T

- Never drive on a flooded road — even shallow water can sweep a car
- Never tailgate — rear-end crashes are 100% preventable
- Never text or use hand-held phone while driving
- Never drive drowsy — pull off and rest if you feel sleepy
- Never engage with aggressive drivers — create distance instead
- Never use high beams when an oncoming vehicle is within 500 ft

Alcohol & Impairment

Legal BAC limit — adults (21+) 0.08%

Legal BAC limit — under 21 Any amount — zero tolerance (2-year suspension)

Legal BAC limit — CDL holders 0.04%

Impairment begins Below legal limit; any BAC reduces judgment

Only cure for alcohol Time — coffee/food/water do not speed sobriety

Prescription drugs Can impair just like alcohol; read labels and consult doctor

Wyoming GDL — Graduated Driver License

Permit fee — \$20 instruction permit fee

Permit test — 25 questions; must pass 19 correct (76%) — lowest pass rate in nation

Supervisor age — Must be 18+ with valid license; seated in front passenger seat

Supervised driving — 50 hours total required; minimum 10 hours at night

Night driving restriction — No driving 11 PM – 5 AM without 18+ supervisor

Intermediate permit hold — Minimum 6 months OR until age 17, whichever comes first

Passenger restriction — Max 1 non-family passenger under 18 without 18+ adult present

First license (FIRST lift) — Full license at 16.5 with driver ed + 6-month hold, OR at age 17 automatically

GDL Fast Facts

Permit fee \$20

Questions on permit test 25

Pass score 19/25 (76%) — lowest in nation

Supervisor minimum age 18 (lowest in nation)

Supervised hours required 50 total, 10+ at night

Intermediate hold period 6 months minimum

Curfew 11 PM – 5 AM

Full license — with driver ed Age 16.5

Full license — without driver ed Age 17 (automatic)

Slow-Moving & Special Vehicles

Slow-moving vehicle emblem — Orange-red triangle on back = vehicle traveling under 25 mph

School bus — stopped with lights — Stop in both directions unless divided highway median present

Bicycle hand signals — Left arm out = left turn; left arm bent up = right turn; bent down = stop

Do Not Pass sign — White rectangular sign; no passing regardless of road markings

Remember

Wyoming's 76% pass score and 18+ supervisor rule are the lowest minimums in the nation — but the road rules are just as demanding. Study every category: road signs, traffic laws, safety, and drugs/alcohol. Practice all 25-question exams at drivetoexceldmvtest.com/state/wy until you score 100% consistently.